1	H. B. 2987
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3 4	(By Delegates Perdue, Perry, Eldridge, Ellington, Lawrence, Poore and Staggers)
5	[Introduced March 19, 2013; referred to the
6	Committee on Health and Human Resources then the
7	Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$16-1-4$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to methadone and treatment program
12	required reports.
13	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
14	That §16-1-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
15	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
16	ARTICLE 1. STATE PUBLIC HEALTH SYSTEM.
17	§16-1-4. Proposal of rules by the secretary.
18	(a) The secretary may propose rules in accordance with the
19	provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
20	that are necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this
21	chapter. The secretary may appoint or designate advisory councils
22	of professionals in the areas of hospitals, nursing homes, barbers
23	and beauticians, postmortem examinations, mental health and
24	intellectual disability centers and any other areas necessary to

1 advise the secretary on rules.

2 (b) The rules may include, but are not limited to, the 3 regulation of:

4 (1) Land usage endangering the public health: *Provided*, That 5 no rules may be promulgated or enforced restricting the subdivision 6 or development of any parcel of land within which the individual 7 tracts, lots or parcels exceed two acres each in total surface area 8 and which individual tracts, lots or parcels have an average 9 frontage of not less than one hundred fifty feet even though the 10 total surface area of the tract, lot or parcel equals or exceeds 11 two acres in total surface area, and which tracts are sold, leased 12 or utilized only as single-family dwelling units. Notwithstanding 13 the provisions of this subsection, nothing in this section may be 14 construed to abate the authority of the department to:

15 (A) Restrict the subdivision or development of a tract for any 16 more intense or higher density occupancy than a single-family 17 dwelling unit;

(B) Propose or enforce rules applicable to single-family
19 dwelling units for single-family dwelling unit sanitary sewerage
20 disposal systems; or

21 (C) Restrict any subdivision or development which might 22 endanger the public health, the sanitary condition of streams or 23 sources of water supply;

24 (2) The sanitary condition of all institutions and schools,

1 whether public or private, public conveyances, dairies, 2 slaughterhouses, workshops, factories, labor camps, all other 3 places open to the general public and inviting public patronage or 4 public assembly, or tendering to the public any item for human 5 consumption and places where trades or industries are conducted;

6 (3) Occupational and industrial health hazards, the sanitary 7 conditions of streams, sources of water supply, sewerage facilities 8 and plumbing systems and the qualifications of personnel connected 9 with any of those facilities, without regard to whether the 10 supplies or systems are publicly or privately owned; and the design 11 of all water systems, plumbing systems, sewerage systems, sewage 12 treatment plants, excreta disposal methods and swimming pools in 13 this state, whether publicly or privately owned;

14 (4) Safe drinking water, including:

(A) The maximum contaminant levels to which all public water 16 systems must conform in order to prevent adverse effects on the 17 health of individuals and, if appropriate, treatment techniques 18 that reduce the contaminant or contaminants to a level which will 19 not adversely affect the health of the consumer. The rule shall 20 contain provisions to protect and prevent contamination of 21 wellheads and well fields used by public water supplies so that 22 contaminants do not reach a level that would adversely affect the 23 health of the consumer;

24 (B) The minimum requirements for: Sampling and testing; system

1 operation; public notification by a public water system on being 2 granted a variance or exemption or upon failure to comply with 3 specific requirements of this section and rules promulgated under 4 this section; record keeping; laboratory certification; as well as 5 procedures and conditions for granting variances and exemptions to

7 (C) The requirements covering the production and distribution 8 of bottled drinking water and may establish requirements governing 9 the taste, odor, appearance and other consumer acceptability 10 parameters of drinking water;

6 public water systems from state public water systems rules; and

11 (5) Food and drug standards, including cleanliness, 12 proscription of additives, proscription of sale and other 13 requirements in accordance with article seven of this chapter as 14 are necessary to protect the health of the citizens of this state; (6) The training and examination requirements for emergency 15 16 medical service attendants and emergency medical care technician-17 paramedics; the designation of the health care facilities, health 18 care services and the industries and occupations in the state that 19 must have emergency medical service attendants and emergency 20 medical care technician-paramedics employed and the availability, 21 communications and equipment requirements with respect to emergency 22 medical service attendants and to emergency medical care 23 technician-paramedics. Any regulation of emergency medical service 24 attendants and emergency medical care technician-paramedics may not

1 exceed the provisions of article four-c of this chapter;

2 (7) The health and sanitary conditions of establishments 3 commonly referred to as bed and breakfast inns. For purposes of 4 this article, "bed and breakfast inn" means an establishment 5 providing sleeping accommodations and, at a minimum, a breakfast 6 for a fee. The secretary may not require an owner of a bed and 7 breakfast providing sleeping accommodations of six or fewer rooms 8 to install a restaurant-style or commercial food service facility. 9 The secretary may not require an owner of a bed and breakfast 10 providing sleeping accommodations of more than six rooms to install 11 a restaurant-type or commercial food service facility if the entire 12 bed and breakfast inn or those rooms numbering above six are used 13 on an aggregate of two weeks or less per year;

14 (8) Fees for services provided by the Bureau for Public Health 15 including, but not limited to, laboratory service fees, 16 environmental health service fees, health facility fees and permit 17 fees;

18 (9) The collection of data on health status, the health system19 and the costs of health care;

20 (10) Opioid treatment programs duly licensed and operating 21 under the requirements of chapter twenty-seven of this code.

(A) The Health Care Authority shall develop new certificate of
need standards, pursuant to the provisions of article two-d of this
chapter, that are specific for opioid treatment program facilities.

1 (B) No applications for a certificate of need for opioid 2 treatment programs may be approved by the Health Care Authority. as 3 of the effective date of the 2007 amendments to this subsection.

4 (C) There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid 5 treatment programs that do not have a certificate of need as of the 6 effective date of the 2007 amendments to this subsection, which 7 shall continue until the Legislature determines that there is a 8 necessity for additional opioid treatment facilities in West 9 Virginia.

10 (D) The secretary shall file revised emergency rules with the 11 Secretary of State to regulate opioid treatment programs in 12 compliance with the provisions of this section. Any opioid 13 treatment program facility that has received a certificate of need 14 pursuant to article two-d, of this chapter by the Health Care 15 Authority shall be permitted to proceed to license and operate the 16 facility.

17 (E) All existing opioid treatment programs shall be subject to 18 monitoring by the secretary. All staff working or volunteering at 19 opioid treatment programs shall complete the minimum education, 20 reporting and safety training criteria established by the 21 secretary. All existing opioid treatment programs shall be in 22 compliance within one hundred eighty days of the effective date of 23 the revised emergency rules as required herein. The revised 24 emergency rules shall provide at a minimum:

1 (i) That the initial assessment prior to admission for entry 2 into the opioid treatment program shall include an initial drug 3 test to determine whether an individual is either opioid addicted 4 or presently receiving methadone for an opioid addiction from 5 another opioid treatment program.

6 (ii) The patient may be admitted to the opioid treatment 7 program if there is a positive test for either opioids or methadone 8 or there are objective symptoms of withdrawal, or both, and all 9 other criteria set forth in the rule for admission into an opioid 10 treatment program are met. Admission to the program may be allowed 11 to the following groups with a high risk of relapse without the 12 necessity of a positive test or the presence of objective symptoms: 13 Pregnant women with a history of opioid abuse, prisoners or 14 parolees recently released from correctional facilities, former 15 clinic patients who have successfully completed treatment but who 16 believe themselves to be at risk of imminent relapse and HIV 17 patients with a history of intravenous drug use.

(iii) That within seven days of the admission of a patient, 19 the opioid treatment program shall complete an initial assessment 20 and an initial plan of care.

(iv) That within thirty days after admission of a patient, the 22 opioid treatment program shall develop an individualized treatment 23 plan of care and attach the plan to the patient's chart no later 24 than five days after the plan is developed. The opioid treatment

1 program shall follow guidelines established by a nationally 2 recognized authority approved by the secretary and include a 3 recovery model in the individualized treatment plan of care. The 4 treatment plan is to reflect that detoxification is an option for 5 treatment and supported by the program; that under the 6 detoxification protocol the strength of maintenance doses of 7 methadone should decrease over time, the treatment should be 8 limited to a defined period of time, and participants are required 9 to work toward a drug-free lifestyle.

10 (v) That each opioid treatment program shall report and 11 provide statistics to the Department of Health and Human Resources 12 <u>and the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human</u> 13 Resources Accountability at least semiannually which includes;

14 (I) The total number of patients;

15 <u>(II)</u> The number of patients who have been continually 16 receiving methadone treatment in excess of two years, including the 17 total number of months of treatment for each such patient;

18 (III) The state residency of each patient; and

19 <u>(IV)</u> The number of patients discharged from the program, 20 including the total months in the treatment program prior to 21 discharge and whether the discharge was for:

22 (A) Termination or disqualification;

23 (B) Completion of a program of detoxification;

24 (C) Voluntary withdrawal prior to completion of all

1 requirements of detoxification as determined by the opioid
2 treatment program;

3 (D) Successful completion of the individualized treatment care4 plan; or

5 (E) An unexplained reason.

6 (vi) That random drug testing of all patients shall be 7 conducted during the course of treatment at least monthly. For 8 purposes of these rules, "random drug testing" means that each 9 patient of an opioid treatment program facility has a statistically 10 equal chance of being selected for testing at random and at 11 unscheduled times. Any refusal to participate in a random drug 12 test shall be considered a positive test. Nothing contained in 13 this section or the legislative rules promulgated in conformity 14 herewith will preclude any opioid treatment program from 15 administering such additional drug tests as determined necessary by 16 the opioid treatment program.

17 (vii) That all random drug tests conducted by an opioid 18 treatment program shall, at a minimum, test for the following:

(A) Opiates, including oxycodone at common levels of dosing;
(B) Methadone and any other medication used by the program as
21 an intervention;

(C) Benzodiazepine including diazepam, lorazepan, clonazepamand alprazolam;

24 (D) Cocaine;

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(E) Methamphetamine or amphetamine;

2 (F) Tetrahydrocannabinol, delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol or 3 dronabinol or other similar substances; or

4 (G) Other drugs determined by community standards, regional 5 variation or clinical indication.

6 (viii) That a positive drug test is a test that results in the 7 presence of any drug or substance listed in this schedule and any 8 other drug or substance prohibited by the opioid treatment program. 9 A positive drug test result after the first six months in an opioid 10 treatment program shall result in the following:

11 (A) Upon the first positive drug test result, the opioid 12 treatment program shall:

(1) Provide mandatory and documented weekly counseling of no 14 less than thirty minutes to the patient, which shall include weekly 15 meetings with a counselor who is licensed, certified or enrolled in 16 the process of obtaining licensure or certification in compliance 17 with the rules and on staff at the opioid treatment program;

18 (2) Immediately revoke the take home methadone privilege for19 a minimum of thirty days; and

20 (B) Upon a second positive drug test result within six months 21 of a previous positive drug test result, the opioid treatment 22 program shall:

(1) Provide mandatory and documented weekly counseling of no24 less than thirty minutes, which shall include weekly meetings with

1 a counselor who is licensed, certified or enrolled in the process 2 of obtaining licensure or certification in compliance with the 3 rules and on staff at the opioid treatment program;

4 (2) Immediately revoke the take-home methadone privilege for 5 a minimum of sixty days; and

6 (3) Provide mandatory documented treatment team meetings with7 the patient.

8 (C) Upon a third positive drug test result within a period of 9 six months the opioid treatment program shall:

10 (1) Provide mandatory and documented weekly counseling of no 11 less than thirty minutes, which shall include weekly meetings with 12 a counselor who is licensed, certified or enrolled in the process 13 of obtaining licensure or certification in compliance with the 14 rules and on staff at the opioid treatment program;

15 (2) Immediately revoke the take-home methadone privilege for 16 a minimum of one hundred twenty days; and

(3) Provide mandatory and documented treatment team meetings 18 with the patient which will include, at a minimum: The need for 19 continuing treatment; a discussion of other treatment alternatives; 20 and the execution of a contract with the patient advising the 21 patient of discharge for continued positive drug tests.

(D) Upon a fourth positive drug test within a six-month 23 period, the patient shall be immediately discharged from the opioid 24 treatment program or, at the option of the patient, shall

1 immediately be provided the opportunity to participate in a twenty-2 one day detoxification plan, followed by immediate discharge from 3 the opioid treatment program: *Provided*, That testing positive 4 solely for tetrahydrocannabinol, delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol or 5 dronabinol or similar substances shall not serve as a basis for 6 discharge from the program.

7 (ix) That the opioid treatment program must report and provide 8 statistics to the Department of Health and Human Resources 9 demonstrating compliance with the random drug test rules, 10 including:

11 (A) Confirmation that the random drug tests were truly random 12 in regard to both the patients tested and to the times random drug 13 tests were administered by lottery or some other objective standard 14 so as not to prejudice or protect any particular patient;

(B) Confirmation that the random drug tests were performed at16 least monthly for all program participants;

17 (C) The total number and the number of positive results; and18 (D) The number of expulsions from the program.

19 (x) That all opioid treatment facilities be open for business 20 seven days per week; however, the opioid treatment center may be 21 closed for eight holidays and two training days per year. During 22 all operating hours, every opioid treatment program shall have a 23 health care professional as defined by rule promulgated by the 24 secretary actively licensed in this state present and on duty at

1 the treatment center and a physician actively licensed in this
2 state available for consultation.

3 (xi) That the Office of Health Facility Licensure and 4 Certification develop policies and procedures in conjunction with 5 the Board of Pharmacy that will allow physicians treating patients 6 through an opioid treatment program access to the Controlled 7 Substances Monitoring Program database maintained by the Board of 8 Pharmacy at the patient's intake, before administration of 9 methadone or other treatment in an opioid treatment program, after 10 the initial thirty days of treatment, prior to any take-home 11 medication being granted, after any positive drug test, and at each 12 ninety-day treatment review to ensure the patient is not seeking 13 prescription medication from multiple sources. The results 14 obtained from the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program database 15 shall be maintained with the patient records.

16 (xii) That each opioid treatment program shall establish a 17 peer review committee, with at least one physician member, to 18 review whether the program is following guidelines established by 19 a nationally recognized authority approved by the secretary. The 20 secretary shall prescribe the procedure for evaluation by the peer 21 review. Each opioid treatment program shall submit a report of the 22 peer review results to the secretary on a quarterly basis.

23 (xiii) The secretary shall propose a rule for legislative 24 approval in accordance with the provisions of article three,

1 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the distribution of state
2 aid to local health departments and basic public health services
3 funds.

4 The rule shall include the following provisions:

5 Base allocation amount for each county;

Establishment and administration of an emergency fund of no 7 more than two percent of the total annual funds of which unused 8 amounts are to be distributed back to local boards of health at the 9 end of each fiscal year;

10 A calculation of funds utilized for state support of local 11 health departments;

Distribution of remaining funds on a per capita weighted population approach which factors coefficients for poverty, health status, population density and health department interventions for seach county and a coefficient which encourages counties to merge in the provision of public health services;

17 A hold-harmless provision to provide that each local health 18 department receives no less in state support for a period of four 19 years beginning in the 2009 budget year.

The Legislature finds that an emergency exists and, therefore, The secretary shall file an emergency rule to implement the provisions of this section pursuant to the provisions of section fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The emergency rule is subject to the prior approval of the Legislative

Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability
 prior to filing with the Secretary of State.

3 (xiv) Other health-related matters which the department is 4 authorized to supervise and for which the rule-making authority has 5 not been otherwise assigned.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill concerns methadone and to require opioid treatment programs to report and provide statistics to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.